

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/32

Paper 3 Theory (Core) May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme:

• ; separates marking points

/ alternativesI ignoreR reject

• A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP any valid point

ecf credit a correct statement/calculation that follows a previous wrong response

ora or reverse argument

• () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

• <u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
1 (a) (i)	ref. to vertebral column/backbone;		
	skull;	[max. 1]	
(ii)	dry skin ;		
	ref. to scales ;		
	eggs with, dry shell/leathery shell;	[max. 2]	
(iii)	no limbs/legs;	[1]	
(b) (i)	amphibian ;	[1]	
(ii)	smooth skin/no scales ;		
	gas exchange using skin ;		
	spend part of life (cycle) in water and land/ AW ;		
	ref. to metamorphic life cycle/AW;	[max. 2]	

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c)	better survival of egg;		
	fewer eggs need to be produced;		
	less risk of predation ;		
	maintains suitable temperature ;		
	reduces risk of disease AW ;		
	protected from external environment ;	[max. 2]	
		[Total: 9]	
2 (a)	precipitation ;	[1]	
(b) (i)	transpiration/evaporation;	[1]	
(ii)	excretion;	[1]	
(c) (i)	herbivore/primary consumer;	[1]	I consumer unqualified.
(ii)	disease-causing organism;	[1]	

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(d)	water recycled AW ;		
	fish waste used as fertiliser ;		
	don't need to buy, water/fertiliser/compost soil;		
	better land use/can use brown field site/land not suitable for traditional farming;		
	farmland can be used for other crops ;		
	no heating costs/glasshouse is self-heating/AW;		
	idea of two crops for one lot of resources;	[max. 3]	
(e) (i)	(resource) produced as rapidly as it is removed;		
	from the environment;		
	so it does not run out;	[max 2]	
(ii)	no fish removed from the wild/AW;		
	could be used to add fish to wild/AW;		
	idea of no predators ;	[max 1]	
		[Total: 11]	

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
3 (a)	anther stigma ovary petal stamen filament style sepal ;;;;	[4]	4 or 5 lines correct for 4 marks 3 lines correct for 3 marks 2 lines correct for 2 marks 1 lines correct for 1 mark

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(b)	sperm swim through cervix/uterus;		
	ref. to sperm moving to/zygote passing through (after fertilisation), oviduct;		
	to egg (cell)/ovum;		
	ref. to enzymes in sperm (head);		
	ref. to fertilisation/nuclei (of sperm and egg) fuse;		
	to form a zygote ;		
	jelly coat changes (to prevent entry of more sperm);		
	ref. to cell division/mitosis;		
	ref. to embryo is a ball of cells ;		
	(embryo) implants into uterus wall ;	[max 4]	
(c)	(takes place as) part of sexual reproduction;		
	(products) genetically different;		
	formation of, gametes/sex cells/eggs and sperm;		
	four (daughter) cells produced;		A results in half the number of
	AVP;	[max 2]	chromosomes/formation of haploid nuclei A has two divisions
		[Total: 10]	

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
4 (a) (i)	A <u>cell wall</u> ;		
	B nucleus ;		
	C vacuole ;	[3]	
(ii)	glucose/simple sugars ;	[1]	
(iii)	absorbs water;		
	absorbs mineral, salts/ions;	[2]	
(iv)	provides large surface (area) ;	[1]	
(b)	1. (name) chloroplast(s) ;		
	2. contain chlorophyll ;		
	3. ref. to photosynthesis;		
	4. absorb/traps/uses, energy/light;		
	5. to produce glucose for the plant/AW;	[max 3]	
		[Total: 10]	
5 (a) (i)	<u>25–34</u>	[1]	
(ii)	increases (with age);		
	plateaus between 45–64 ;		
	then falls (at/after 65);	[max 2]	

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(iii)	higher risk for men ;		
	men twice as high as women/40% for men and 20% for women/difference is 20%;	[2]	
(b)			R age/gender
	diet qualified ;		qualification must be a factor that leads to CHD
	stress;		A obesity
	smoking/tobacco;		
	genetic predisposition ;		
	AVP;	[max 3]	
(c)	F ;	[1]	
(d) (i)	listening to (heart sounds);	[1]	
(ii)	prevents blood flowing backwards/AW;	[1]	
(iii)	<u>8</u> (times) ;	[1]	
(iv)	8 × 6 = 48 ;;	[2]	
(v)	idea of heart beats/pulse rate faster, more frequent / more peaks/peaks closer together;	[1]	
		[Total: 15]	

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Que	estion	Mark scheme		Mark	Guidance
6 ((a)	Change the genetic material (of an organ	nism) ;		
		By removing/changing/inserting (individ	lual) genes ;		
		From one organism/species to another ;	;	[max 2]	
((b) (i)	rapid reproduction ;			
		can make complex molecules ;			
		cheaper to produce ;			
		ref. to no ethical issues ;		[max 2]	
	(ii)				3 ticks-deduct 1 mark
	()	statement	uses genetic engineering?		4, 5 or 6 ticks = 0 marks
		producing fruit juice using pectinase			
		introducing genes into crop plants to provide additional vitamins	✓ ;		
		selective breeding to produce organisms with desirable features			
		placing a section of DNA into bacteria to produce human insulin	✓;		
		using yeast to produce ethanol			
		the use of contraceptive implants in birth control			
				[2]	

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c) (i)	to kill weeds;		
	to reduce competition, with weeds/for resources;		
	to increase crop yield;	[max 2]	
(ii)	(the weeds) kills them AW ;		
	(the crop plants)no effect/does not kill them;	[2]	
		[Total: 10]	
7 (a) (i)	deforestation;	[1]	
(ii)	habitat destruction/AW;		I refs to extinction
	disruption of food chain ;		
	soil erosion/loss of soil/AW;		A idea of landslides
	flooding;		
	increase in CO ₂ in the atmosphere/less CO ₂		R refs. to ozone
	absorbed/photosynthesis, by trees/ref. to global warming;	[max 3]	
(b) (i)	84% ;;;		correct working
			$\frac{315000 - 50000}{315000} \times 100 \text{ or } \frac{265000}{315000} \times 100$
		[3]	315000 × 100 01 315000 × 100

Page 12	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
(ii)	monitoring species;		
	protection of species;		A no poaching/no pet trade/by legislation
	monitoring habitat;		
	protection/replenishment, of habitat;		
	ref. to food source;		
	keeping in, zoos/reserves;		
	captive breeding programme;		
	education programme;		
	ecotourism;	[max 2]	
(c)	loss of biodiversity;		
	less resistance to diseases/pests;	[max 1]	
		[Total: 10]	

Page 13	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
8	stimulus;		
	receptor;		
	relay/relay neurone;		
	effector;		
	response;	[5]	
		[Total: 5]	